

SB 616 (Gonzalez) Paid Sick Days for All Working Californians

SUMMARY

Senate Bill (SB) 616 would increase the amount paid sick leave days an employer is required to provide an employee from three to five.

EXISTING LAW

The Healthy Workplaces, Healthy Families Act of 2014 (AB 1522, Chapter 317, Statutes of 2014) requires employers provide three paid sick days to employees who work 30 or more days within a year from commencement of employment. This act also prohibits retaliation for using paid sick days, by prohibiting the imposition of certain conditions on the use of paid sick days. However, specified employees are excluded from this provision, including an employee covered by a valid collective bargaining agreement (CBA) if the agreement expressly provides for paid sick days.

Cities and states around the nation have followed California's lead and provided workers with even more generous paid sick leave protections. Currently, Washington, Arizona, Oregon, New York, New Jersey, Colorado, Michigan, Massachusetts, Maryland, Vermont, Maine, and Connecticut, and cities across California including San Diego, Los Angeles, Santa Monica, San Francisco, Oakland, Berkeley, West Hollywood and Emeryville have granted workers the right to use at least five or more paid sick days per year.

BACKGROUND/PROBLEM

The COVID-19 pandemic highlighted the lifesaving impacts of paid sick leave policies, while clearly exposing the gaps in our existing safety-net for working families.

Research has shown emergency paid leave prevented approximately 400 positive COVID-19 cases per day in each state where workers temporarily gained access to paid sick leave under the Families First Coronavirus Response Act¹. During the ongoing public health crisis, emergency paid sick leave was one of the most effective tools in curbing the spread of COVID-19 and helped keep transmission rates down as the state moves towards a safe reopening.

However, temporary expansions of paid sick leave policies are not enough to provide a reliable safety-net for workers and adequately protect public health year-round.

Since higher wage earners are more likely to have access to more generous benefits, a failure to raise California's minimum requirements for paid sick leave will disproportionately harm low-wage workforces who can least afford to miss work and jeopardize their ability to make ends meet.

For those without earned sick leave benefits, missing three and a half days of work equates to losing an

Pichler, Stefan, Katherine Wen, and Nicolas R. Ziebarth. "COVID-19 Emergency Sick Leave Has Helped Flatten The Curve In The United States: Study examines the impact of emergency sick leave on the soread of COVID-19." Health Affairs 39.12. October 2020.

amount of money equivalent to an entire family's monthly grocery budget². This especially disadvantages those in service sector jobs traditionally dominated by women and Latinos, including childcare providers, and janitorial, retail, food service and hospitality workers.

Futhermore, paid sick leave can reduce employers' overall costs by containing potential disease outbreaks and allowing workers to recover faster and return to work more productive³. Studies have also shown that paid sick leave decreases the probability of job separation by at least 25%⁴. Workers with paid sick leave are less likely to leave their jobs,⁵ saving businesses money on turnover expenses such as interviewing and training⁶ which can cost anywhere between 25-200% of a worker's annual salary⁷.

SOLUTION

SB 616 would require employers to provide five sick days to employees who work 30 or more days within a year from commencement of employment.

This bill would extend the anti-retaliation provisions and requirements on the use of paid sick days to CBA employees.

SUPPORT

California Labor Federation (Sponsor)

SEIU California (Co-Sponsor)

UFCW- Western States Council (Co-Sponsor)

California Conference of Machinists (Co-Sponsor)

California Teamsters Public Affairs Council (Co-Sponsor)

California Work & Family Coalition (Co-Sponsor)

Legal Aid at Work (Co-Sponsor)

California State Legislative Board, Sheet Metal, Air, Rail and Transportation Workers - Transportation Division (SMART-TD) (Co-Sponsor)

 $http://www.whitehouse.gov/sites/default/files/docs/leave_report_final.pdf.$

UDW/AFSCME Local 3930 (Co-Sponsor)

A Better Balance

AARP California

ACCESS Reproductive Justice

Alameda Labor Council

American Academy of Pediatrics, California

American Federation of State, County and Municipal

Employees (AFSCME), AFL-CIO

American Medical Women's Association

Asian Americans Advancing Justice - Asian Law Caucus

Asian Law Alliance

BreastfeedLA

Bronski, P.C.

California Alliance for Retired Americans

California Attorneys for Criminal Justice

California Breastfeeding Coalition

California Calls

California Catholic Conference

California Child Care Resource and Referral Network

California Coalition on Family Caregiving

California Conference Board of the Amalgamated Transit Union

California Commission on Aging

California Domestic Workers Coalition

California Employment Lawyers Association

California Environmental Voters

California Food and Farming Network

California Immigrant Policy Center

California Nurse-Midwives Association

California Nurses Association

California Pan-Ethnic Health Network

California Partnership to End Domestic Violence

California Professional Firefighters

California Rural Legal Assistance Foundation

California Teachers Association

California WIC Association

California Women's Law Center

Californians for Pesticide Reform

Caring Across Generations

Center for Law and Social Policy (CLASP)

Center for Workers' Rights

Central California Environmental Justice Network

Central Coast Alliance United For a Sustainable Economy

Central Coast Labor Council

Centro Legal De La Raza

Chinese Progressive Association

Citizens for Choice

CLUE (Clergy and Laity United For Economic Justice)

COLAGE

Community Services Unlimited Inc.

Contra Costa Central Labor Council

Disability Rights California

² National Partnership for Women and Families. <u>Paid Sick Days Lead to Cost Savings for All April 2013</u>

Joint Economic Committee, "Expanding Access to Paid Sick Leave: The Impact of the Healthy Families Act on America's Workers" (March 2010),

http://www.jec.senate.gov/public/index.cfm?a=Files.Serve&File_id=abf8aca7-6b94-4152-b720-2d8d04b81ed6; Council of Economic Advisers, "The Economics of Paid and Unpaid Leave" (June 2014),

⁴ Hill HD. Paid Sick Leave and Job Stability. Work Occup. 2013 May 1;40(2):10.1177/0730888413480893. doi: 10.1177/0730888413480893. PMID: 24235780; PMCID: PMC3825168.

⁵ Vicky Lovell, Valuing Good Health: An Estimate of Costs and Savings for the Healthy Families Act, Inst. for Women's Pol'y Res. 7 (Apr.

^{2005),} https://iwpr.org/wp-content/uploads/wpallimport/files/iwpr-export/publications/B248.pdf.

⁶ Christine Siegwarth Meyer et al., Work-Family Benefits: Which Ones Maximize Profits?, 13 J. Managerial Issues 28 (2001)

⁷ Abay Asfaw et al., Potential Economic Benefits of Paid Sick Leave in Reducing Absenteeism Related to the Spread of Influenza-Like Illness, 59 J. Occupational & Envtl. Med. 822, 826 (2017).

East Bay Alliance for a Sustainable Economy (Ebase)

Electric Universe

Elevator Constructors Local 8

Engineers and Scientists of California, IFPTE Local 20, AFL-

CIO

Equal Rights Advocates

Evolve California

Family Caregiver Alliance (FCA)

Family Values @ Work

Family Violence Appellate Project

Fight for \$15 and a Union

Food Empowerment Project

Friends Committee on Legislation of California

Futures without Violence

Grace - End Child Poverty in California

Health Officers Association of California

Housing Rights Committee of San Francisco

Human Impact Partners

IFPTE Local 21

Indivisible Ca StateStrong

Inland Empire Breastfeeding Coalition

Innercity Struggle

Instituto De Educacion Popular Del Sur De California

(IDEPSCA)

Jewish Center for Justice

JTMW LLC

Justice at Last

Justice in Aging

Korean Community Center of the East Bay

La Best Babies Network

Labor Occupational Health Program

Latinas Contra Cancer

Legal Aid at Work

Los Angeles Alliance for a New Economy

Los Angeles County Federation of Labor, AFL-CIO

Macla/Movimiento De Arte Y Cultura Latino Americana

Main Street Alliance

Maternal and Child Health Access

Mixteco Indigena Community Organizing Project (MICOP)

Mujeres Unidas Y Activas

NARAL Pro-Choice California

National Association of Social Workers, California Chapter

National Council of Jewish Women Los Angeles

National Council of Jewish Women-California

National Domestic Workers Alliance

National Employment Law Project

National Partnership for Women & Families

North Bay Jobs with Justice

North Bay Labor Council

Northern Ca. District Council of the International

Longshore and Warehouse Union

Nursing Mothers Counsel

One Fair Wage

Orange County Equality Coalition

Our Family Coalition

Parent Voices California

Pesticide Action Network

Physicians for Social Responsibility - Los Angeles

Powerswitch Action

Prevention Institute

Public Advocates Inc.

Public Counsel

Rape Counseling Services of Fresno

Rising Communities (Formerly Community Health

Councils)

Sacramento Central Labor Council, AFL-CIO

San Diego County Breastfeeding Coalition

San Mateo County Central Labor Council

Santa Clara County Wage Theft Coalition

SJSU Human Rights Institute

Small Business Majority

SoCalCOSH

Street Level Health Project

Techequity Collaborative

Thai Community Development Center

The Restaurant Opportunity Center of the Bay

UAW Local 230, Region 6 - Western States

Unite-Here, AFL-CIO

United Steelworkers District 12

Voices for Progress Education Fund

Warehouse Worker Resource Center

Watsonville Law Center

Women For: Orange County

Women Organized To Make Abuse Non-Existent (Woman

Inc.)

Women's Foundation California

Working Partnerships USA

Worksafe

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